

423/523 Organometallic Chemistry
 Problem set 2

1. Assign the oxidation state of each M. Assuming the 18-electron rule applies, identify the 1st row transition metal and sketch the complex:

- (a) $\text{Co}^{\text{I}}(\text{CO})(\text{CS})(\text{PPh}_3)_2\text{Br}$
 (b) $[\text{V}^{\text{I}}(\text{CO})_7]^+$
 (c) $[(\eta^3\text{-C}_3\text{Ph}_3)(\eta^4\text{-C}_4\text{H}_4)\text{Fe}^{\text{II}}(\text{NH}_3)_2]^+$
 (d) $[(\eta^5\text{-C}_5\text{H}_5)(\eta^4\text{-C}_5\text{H}_6)\text{Ni}^{\text{III}}]^+$
 (e) $[(\eta^3\text{-C}_3\text{H}_5)\text{Co}^{\text{III}}(\text{CN})_4]^{2-}$

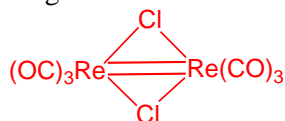
2. Assign the oxidation state of each M. Identify the 2nd row transition metal and sketch the complex:

- (a) $(\eta^5\text{-C}_5\text{H}_5)(\text{CO})_3\text{Mo}^{\text{I}}\text{-Mo}^{\text{I}}(\text{CO})_3(\eta^5\text{-C}_5\text{H}_5)$
 (b) $(\eta^5\text{-C}_5\text{H}_5)(\text{CO})_2\text{Tc}^{\text{I}}\text{-Tc}^{\text{I}}(\text{CO})_2(\eta^5\text{-C}_5\text{H}_5)$
 (c) $[\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{CO})_3(\text{NO})]^-$ (linear NO)
 (d) $(\eta^4\text{-C}_8\text{H}_8)\text{Ru}^0(\text{CO})_3$
 (e) $[\text{Rh}^{\text{I}}(\text{CO})_3(\text{PMe}_3)]^-$
 (f) $(\eta^5\text{-C}_5\text{H}_5)(\eta^1\text{-C}_3\text{H}_5)(\eta^3\text{-C}_3\text{H}_5)_2\text{Zr}^{\text{IV}}$ (16-electron molecule)

3. What charge, z, would be necessary for the following to obey the 18-electron rule?

- (a) $[\text{Ru}(\text{CO})_4(\text{SiMe}_3)]^{-1}$
 (b) $[(\eta^3\text{-C}_3\text{H}_5)\text{V}(\text{CNMe})_5]^0$
 (c) $[(\eta^5\text{-C}_6\text{H}_7)\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_3]^{+1}$
 (d) $[(\eta^6\text{-C}_6\text{H}_6)_2\text{Ru}]^{+2}$
 (e) $[\text{W}(\text{CO})_5(\text{SnPh}_3)]^{-1}$

4. A complex has the empirical formula $\text{Re}(\text{CO})_3\text{Cl}$. How could it attain the 18-electron configuration without requiring any additional ligands?

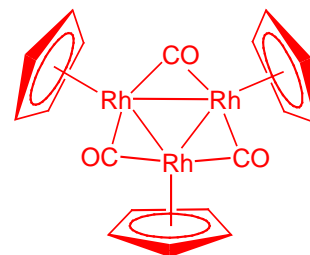


(or triangular cluster, etc with single bonds)

5. Predict the hapticity (i.e. what is n in η^n) of each Cp ring in $(\eta^5\text{-C}_5\text{H}_5)(\eta^3\text{-C}_5\text{H}_5)\text{W}(\text{CO})_2$, and the n in κ^n of each “triphos” ligand in $[\text{Pd}\{\kappa^2\text{-PPh}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\}_3\text{CPh}]_2^{2+}$ (if 16e; 18e requires 1 κ^3 -, 1 κ^2 -).

6. Comment on the observation that the $\nu(\text{CO})$ band in $[\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_6]^{2+}$ appears at 2203 cm^{-1} (compare with free CO). **Higher than free CO, so no back-bonding; electrons donated from slightly anti-bonding electron pair on CO strengthens the CO bond; +ve charge on iron lowers energy of d-orbitals & ability to back-bond.**

7. When heated at low pressure, $(\eta^5\text{-C}_5\text{Me}_5)\text{Rh}(\text{CO})_2$ reacts to give a gas and another product having a single peak in the ^1H NMR and a single band near 1850 cm^{-1} in the infrared. Suggest a structure for this product. **See right:**



8. Predict the distribution of products when carbon monoxide is lost from *cis*- $\text{Mn}(\text{COMe})(\text{CO})_4(^{13}\text{C})\text{O}$ assuming the reaction proceeds by deinsertion of CO (as opposed to Me migration, i.e. it is CO that moves to the vacant coordination site, not Me).

25% $\text{Mn}(\text{CO})_5\text{Me}$, 75% *cis*- $\text{Mn}(\text{CO})_4(^{13}\text{C})\text{O}(\text{Me})$