# Corpora: Capturing language in use

'Language cannot be invented; it can only be captured.' (Sinclair 1997: 31)

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to appear in W. Maguire and A. McMahon (eds.), *Analysing variation in English: What we know, how we know it, and why it matters*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

#### WHAT'S OUT THERE?

The purpose of this section is to give a sense of existent English corpora. It is impossible, however, to provide a complete overview. There are simply too many and corpus construction projects (public and private) are likely to continue *ad infinitum*. But it is also the case that many public corpora come at a cost, literally. The International Computer Archive of Modern and Medieval English (ICAME) collection, for example, costs 3,500 NOK for an individual user license (at the time of writing, roughly equivalent to 685 USD, 345 GBP, or 440 EUR). For those without the necessary funds (i.e. most students), these fees present the ultimate barrier.

Corpora: Public and free of charge

In what follows, some public and free corpora are briefly outlined. The list is by no means exhaustive; it is simply intended as a starting point for students interested in variation in English.

### Dialect atlases

Dialect atlases are an excellent source of data for studying variation and most university collections include at least one (some have more than 100). Both the geographic representation and the historical time depth of English dialect atlases allow for innumerable investigations of lexical, phonological, and phonetic variation across time and space. The most recently published is the *Atlas of North American English* (Labov et al. 2006), but for a point of historical comparison one can also find the *Linguistic Atlas of New England* (Kurath et al. 1939-1943). Online, there is the *Linguistic Atlas Projects*, a portal to a number of atlas projects in the United States (e.g. AFAM, LAGS, LAMSAS, etc.). You can also access the *Dialect Topography Project* (Chambers 1994), which investigates words (and their pronunciation) used both in Canada and in regions of the United States that border Canada.

#### The Oxford Text Archive

The Oxford Text Archive is a repository for literary and linguistic resources. Most of the holdings are in text format, but some audio and video files are archived as well. All the texts can be accessed for free simply by submitting your email address (used to send the link to the text of interest), but for those marked 'restricted' users are required to register before the resource can be downloaded.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Some corpora can be purchased for a nominal fee for classroom use (e.g. BNC Baby, a four million-word subset of the BNC); the full BNC can be searched online for no cost using the interface created by Mark Davies, http://corpus.byu.edu/. This site also provides links to COCA (the Corpus of Contemporary American English) and the TIME Magazine corpus, among others.

## Text and speech-based corpora

Among traditional text-based and speech-based corpora, there are a few that can be accessed via the Internet for non-profit academic research.<sup>2</sup> In most cases, a password is required, obtainable by downloading the appropriate access request form and/or licensing agreement.

• Brown University Standard Corpus of Present-Day American English

Via a guest account (as opposed to purchasing a membership), the full text of the Brown corpus can be accessed through the Linguistic Data Consortium, LDC Online. Guests can also access an indexed collection of Arabic, Chinese and English newswire text, the Switchboard and Fisher collections of telephone speech, and the American English Spoken Lexicon.

### Buckeye Natural Speech Corpus

The Buckeye corpus is a sociolinguistically stratified corpus of unmonitored casual conversations from Columbus Ohio. It includes data from 40 speakers (male and female, over 40-years-old and under 30-years-old) in text and audio format. The materials can be accessed for research and teaching purposes after submitting a completed license agreement.

• Corpus of Early Ontario English, pre-Confederation section

CONTE-pC is a diachronic, text-based corpus of early Canadian English with three genres (newspaper texts, diary entries, letters). It is similar in design to ARCHER (A Representative Corpus of Historical English Registers), enabling comparisons with other historical varieties of English (see Dollinger 2008: 99-119). At the time of writing, CONTE-pC is in the final proof-reading stage but once complete it will be available through the Oxford Text Archive.<sup>3</sup> Period covered: 1776 to 1849.

# • International Corpus of English

The ICE corpora include both written and spoken texts. Of the eight completed regional corpora (thirteen others are currently under construction), five can be accessed free of charge through the ICE site: East Africa, Hong Kong, India, Philippines, and Singapore.

Newcastle Electronic Corpus of Tyneside English

NECTE is a public dialect corpus from Tyneside (Allen et al. 2007). It consists of two synchronic corpora, one from the late 1960s and one from the early 1990s. The materials are available in a variety of formats (digitized audio, standard orthographic transcription, phonetic transcription, POS-tagged) and may be accessed by students (undergraduate and postgraduate), academics, and members of the public for *bona fide* research purposes (e.g. class projects, research) upon submitting the access request form.

• Santa Barbara Corpus of Spoken American English

The SBC contains naturally occurring discourse from across the US (e.g. Alabama, California, Montana, New Mexico, Washington, etc.). Most of the conversations are face-to-face interactions, but some record other modes of discourse such as telephone conversations, lectures, medical interactions, and narratives of personal experience. The SBC can be purchased in CD or DVD format from the LDC or the transcripts and their corresponding audio files can be downloaded from TalkBank.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For descriptions of, and accessibility details for, other public specialized corpora, see many of the contributions in Beal et al. (2007a).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Before that time, researchers can access CONTE-pC by individual request.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Summaries of the sixty discourse segments in the SBC can be found at http://www.linguistics.ucsb.edu/research/sbcorpus\_summaries3.html

### Scottish Corpus of Texts and Speech

The SCOTS corpus contains written and spoken texts of Scots and Scots English, and includes a handful of Scottish Gaelic texts as well. The corpus covers the period 1945 to 2007, though most of the spoken texts (which are synchronised with the audio recordings) were recorded after 2000. After agreeing to the terms and conditions outlined on the site at http://www.scottishcorpus.ac.uk/termsandconditions.html, SCOTS can be searched online at no charge to the user.

#### *The World-Wide-Web*

Finally, the Web itself can be a corpus and there are search engines available for this purpose. Two in particular have been designed to retrieve linguistic data from the Web: WebCorp (Renouf 2003, Morley 2006) and GlossaNet (Fairon 2000). GlossaNet is an automated service that monitors the websites of more than 100 newspapers. Once a search item, dates, and intervals are specified, GlossaNet applies the queries and the results are e-mailed to the user in the form of a concordance (a display of the search item with its surrounding context). Because GlossaNet builds new corpora every day, downloading current editions of newspapers, it is a dynamic corpus. WebCorp is more versatile. It can 'piggy-back' on existent search engines (Google, Altavista, Metacrawler) and is not limited to newspapers. A basic search will result in concordance lines of the query item, but the program also has a built-in suite of tools that enable a number of more advanced searches like pattern matching (e.g. is \* nice\* will match is so nice, is really nice, is very nice\*, etc.) or specifying the target domain (e.g. the New Zealand academic domain, ac.nz, the BBC website, bbc.co.uk, the Canadian government, gc.ca).

### WHERE TO GO NEXT

The classic primer in corpus linguistics is Sinclair (1991), while the contributions in Beal et al. (2007a) represent the state of the art on specialized corpora. Key readings in sociolinguistic data collection are Labov (1972c), Sankoff and Sankoff (1973), and Milroy (1987), and more currently, Milroy and Gordon (2003) and Tagliamonte (2006a). Poplack (1989) is foundational for issues surrounding sociolinguistic corpus construction and data handling; for careful discussion of text-based corpus construction, see Meyer (2002). On representativeness in data sampling and corpus construction see Sankoff (2005) and Biber (1993). A good starting point is Francis and Ku?era (1964), the companion to the *Brown Corpus*, which established the model for subsequent corpora projects. On annotation in text corpora, see Leech (1993a). For discussion of the issues involved in representing speech in writing, see Ochs (1979), Macaulay (1991a) and Tagliamonte (2007). Kennedy (1998) provides a history of English corpus linguistics and a summary of key research in the field. A valuable resource for those interested in the bourgeoning field of web-based corpus studies is Hundt et al. (2007). Biber et al. (1999) is an excellent reference grammar based on corpora representing British and American English; it is a good place to start when looking for possible project ideas. Online, David Lee's *Bookmarks for Corpus-Based Linguists* (Lee 2001–) is an invaluable resource for all corpus-related issues.

### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ACE Australian Corpus of English (aka Macquarie Corpus of Written Australian English)

AFAM African American and Gullah Project

ANC American National Corpus

ARCHER A Representative Corpus of Historical English Registers

BNC British National Corpus

Brown University Standard Corpus of Present-Day American English

CELEX Dutch Centre for Lexical Information

CLAWS Constituent Likelihood Automatic Word-tagging System

COCA Corpus of Contemporary American English

COLT The Bergen Corpus of London Teenage Language (now part of the BNC)

CONTE-pC Corpus of Early Ontario English, pre-Confederation section

FLOB Freiburg-Lancaster-Oslo-Bergen Corpus
Frown Freiburg-Brown Corpus of American English

ICAME International Computer Archive of Modern and Medieval English

ICE International Corpus of English

LAEME Linguistic Atlas of Early Middle English
LAGS Linguistic Atlas of the Gulf States

LAMSAS Linguistic Atlas of the Middle and South Atlantic States

LAOS Linguistic Atlas of Older Scots
LDC Linguistic Data Consortium
LOB London-Oslo-Bergen Corpus

LSWE Longman Spoken and Written English Corpus
MICASE Michigan Corpus of Spoken Academic English
NECTE The Newcastle Electronic Corpus of Tyneside English

ONZE Origins of New Zealand English

SBC Santa Barbara Corpus of Spoken American English

SCOTS Scottish Corpus of Texts and Speech

SEU Survey of English Usage TEI Text Encoding Initiative

# WEBSITES

Site	http(s):
ANC	//americannationalcorpus.org/
Bookmarks for Corpus-	//devoted.to/corpora
Based Linguists	
BNC	//www.natcorp.ox.ac.uk/
Buckey Corpus	//buckeyecorpus.osu.edu/
CELEX	//www.ru.nl/celex/
Dialect Topography	//dialect.topography.chass.utoronto.ca/
GlossaNet	//glossa.fltr.ucl.ac.be/
ICAME	//icame.uib.no/
ICE	//www.ucl.ac.uk/english-usage/ice/
LDC	//www.ldc.upenn.edu/
	For a guest account: //online.ldc.upenn.edu/login.html
	To access Brown: //secure.ldc.upenn.edu/intranet/
LAEME	//www.lel.ed.ac.uk/ihd/laeme1/laeme1.html
LAOS	//www.lel.ed.ac.uk/research/ihd/laos/laos.html
Linguistic Atlas Projects	//us.english.uga.edu/
MICASE	//lw.lsa.umich.edu/eli/micase/index.htm
NECTE	//www.ncl.ac.uk/necte/
ONZEminer	//www.ling.canterbury.ac.nz/jen/onzeminer/
Oxford Text Archive	//ota.ahds.ac.uk/
SCOTS	//www.scottishcorpus.ac.uk/
TalkBank	//talkbank.org/
	For SBC text files: //talkbank.org/data/Conversation/
	For SBC audio: //talkbank.org/media/Conversation/SBCSAE/
TEI	//www.tei-c.org/index.xml
Transcriber	//trans.sourceforge.net/en/presentation.php
WebCorp	//www.webcorp.org.uk

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