

ECON 403: Crop Allocation Problem

Given the following information for a 1500 ac farm, construct a linear programming model that determines how much of each crop to plant.

Crop	Observed Acreage (ac)	Average Yield (bu/ac)	Price (\$/bu)	Average costs (\$/ac)
Wheat	500	42	\$7.50	\$192.0
Barley	200	70	\$4.25	\$169.5
Canola	450	38	\$11.50	\$229.0
Peas	250	45	\$6.75	\$163.8
Oats	100	110	\$2.75	\$152.50

1. Solve the following simple model using Excel's Solver:

$$\text{Maximize } R = \sum_{k=1}^n (p_k x_k y_k - c_k x_k)$$

$$\text{Subject to } \sum_{k=1}^n x_k \leq 1500$$

$$x_k \geq 0$$

2. Now include the following constraint and solve the problem again:

$$x_k \leq x_k^{obs} + 0.01, \forall k$$

For these constraints find the associated shadow prices, λ_k , and use this information to modify the objective function above assuming a quadratic cost function: $c_k = a x_k + b x_k^2$. Then:

$$b_k = 2 \times \lambda_k / x_k^{obs} \text{ and } a_k = c_k - 1/2 \times b_k \times x_k^{obs}$$

Use the cost function in place of $c_k x_k$ in the objective function, so the revised objective is:

$$\text{Maximize } R = \sum_{k=1}^n (p_k x_k y_k - a_k x_k - b_k x_k^2)$$

Solve the revised problem using Solver.