

Group 5: Niobium and Tantalum (& Dubnium)

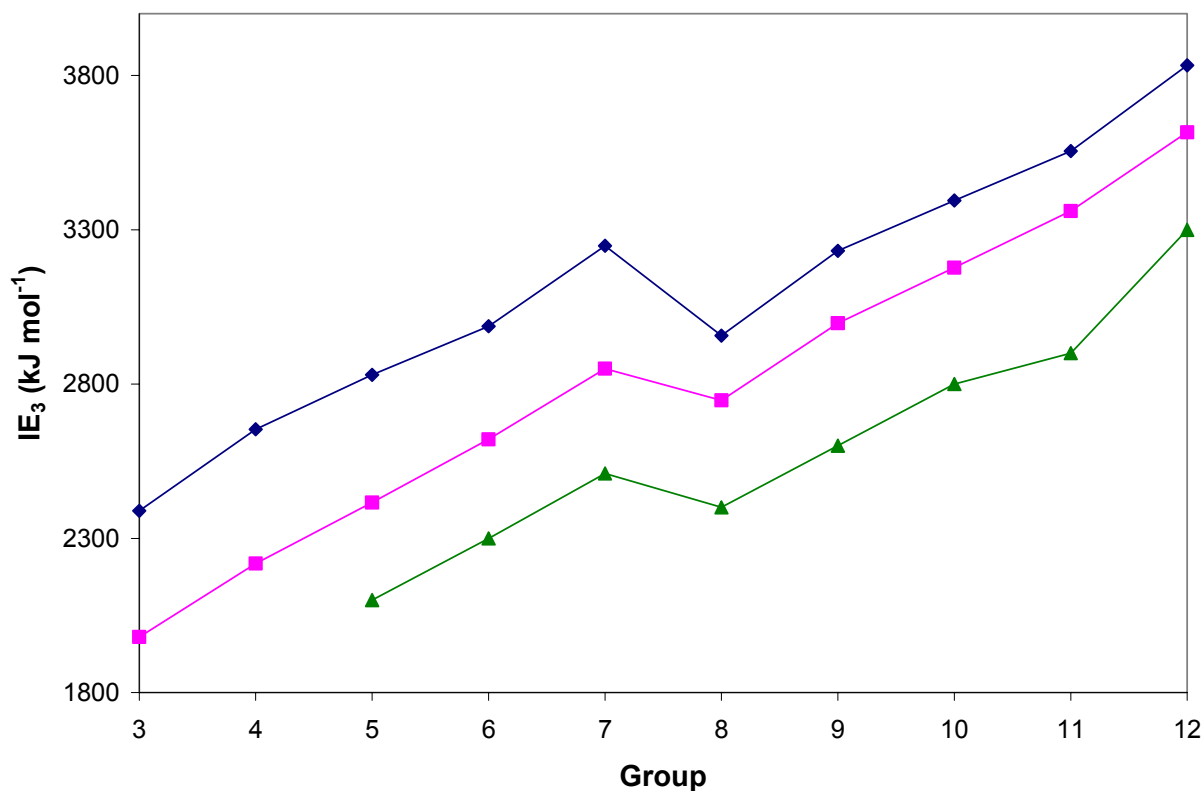
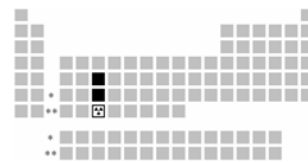
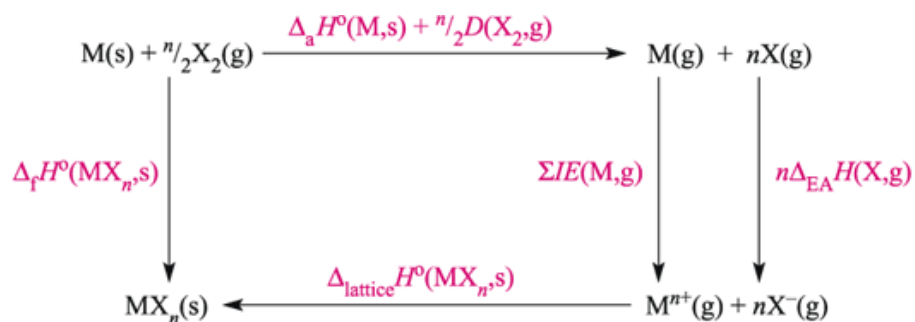


Figure 5.1 Third ionization energies of the d-block metals



- $\Delta_a H^\circ(\text{M,s})$ = Enthalpy of atomization of metal M
- $D(\text{X}_2,\text{g})$ = Dissociation enthalpy of $\text{X}_2 = 2 \times$ Enthalpy of atomization of X
- $\Sigma IE(\text{M,g})$ = Sum of the ionization energies for the processes $\text{M(g)} \rightarrow \text{M}^+(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{M}^{2+}(\text{g}) \dots \rightarrow \text{M}^{n+}(\text{g})$
- $\Delta_{\text{EA}} H(\text{X,g})$ = Enthalpy change associated with the attachment of an electron
- $\Delta_f H^\circ(\text{MX}_n,\text{s})$ = Standard enthalpy of formation
- $\Delta_{\text{lattice}} H^\circ(\text{MX}_n,\text{s})$ = Lattice enthalpy change (see text)

Scheme 5.1 Born-Haber thermochemical cycle for the formation of a salt MX_n .